

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

12 CFR Part 203

Regulation C; Docket No. R–1590

RIN 7100 AE- 92

Home Mortgage Disclosure

AGENCY: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Board) is

repealing its Regulation C, which was issued to implement the Home Mortgage

Disclosure Act (HMDA). Title X of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer

Protection Act (Dodd-Frank Act) transferred rulemaking authority for a number of

consumer financial protection laws, including HMDA, from the Board to the Bureau of

Consumer Financial Protection (Bureau). HMDA requires covered financial institutions

to collect and report loan data in connection with residential mortgage applications and

loans. Although the Board retains authority to issue some consumer financial protection

rules, all rulemaking authority under HMDA concerning mortgage loan transactions was

transferred to the Bureau. In December 2011, the Bureau published an interim final rule

establishing its own Regulation C to implement HMDA, which superseded the Board's

Regulation C. In October 2015, the Bureau revised its own Regulation C to expand and

revise the data collection and reporting regime required under HMDA, as amended by the

Dodd-Frank Act. In April 2016, the Bureau published a final rule adopting the December

2011 interim final rule, as revised by the October 2015 final rule. Accordingly, the Board

is repealing its Regulation C and the Official Staff Commentary that accompanies the regulation.

DATES: The final rule is effective [insert date 30 days after publication in the Federal Register].

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nikita M. Pastor, Senior Counsel, Division of Consumer and Community Affairs, at (202) 452-3667, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, 20th and C Streets, NW, Washington, DC 20551. For users of Telecommunications Device for the Deaf (TDD) only, contact (202) 263-4869.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA), 12 U.S.C. 2801 et seq., historically was implemented by the Board's Regulation C, published at 12 CFR part 203. The purpose of the act and regulation is to provide the public with sufficient information about mortgage loans to determine whether financial institutions are serving the housing credit needs of their communities; encourage private investments to areas in need; and collect and report applicant and borrower characteristic data to identify potential lending discrimination. Accordingly, HMDA requires covered financial institutions to report loan data in connection with mortgage loan applications.

Title X of the Dodd-Frank Act transferred rulemaking authority for a number of consumer financial protection laws from the Board to the Bureau, effective July 21, 2011, with some exceptions. In connection with the transfer of the Board's rulemaking authority for HMDA, the Bureau published an interim final rule to establish its own

Regulation C, 12 CFR part 1003, to implement HMDA (Bureau Interim Final Rule). In October 2015, the Bureau finalized its own Regulation C, including rules that expand and revise the data collection and reporting regime required under HMDA, as amended by the Dodd-Frank Act. In April 2016, the Bureau published a final rule adopting the December 2011 interim final rule, as revised by the October 2015 final rule.

Accordingly, the Board is repealing its Regulation C and the Official Staff Commentary that accompanies the regulation. 3

Under Section 1029(a) of the Dodd-Frank Act, the Board generally retains authority to issue rules for certain motor vehicle dealers that are predominantly engaged in the sale and servicing of motor vehicles, the leasing and servicing of motor vehicles, or both. For purposes of Section 1029, a "motor vehicle" is defined to include, among other things, motor homes, recreational vehicle trailers (RVs) and recreational boats. The Dodd-Frank Act also provided several exceptions to the Board's rulemaking authority over motor vehicle dealers. Specifically, Section 1029(b)(1) of the Dodd-Frank Act provides that the Board's rulemaking authority does not apply to any motor vehicle dealer to the extent that the motor vehicle dealer "provides consumers with any services related to residential or commercial mortgages or self-financing transactions involving real property." Thus, all rulemaking authority under HMDA concerning mortgage loan transactions was transferred to the Bureau. Accordingly, on February 22, 2016 (81 FR 8667), the Board published a proposal to repeal its Regulation C (Proposed Rule).

_

¹ 12 CFR part 1003. <u>See</u> 76 FR 78465 (Dec. 19, 2011).

² <u>See Home Mortgage Disclosure (Regulation C)</u>, 80 FR 66128 (Oct. 28, 2015), as amended by 82 FR 43088 (Sept. 13, 2017).

³ See 81 FR 25323 (April 28, 2016).

⁴ Dodd-Frank Act, Pub. L. 111-2033, Section 1029(f)(1).

⁵ Dodd-Frank Act, Pub. L. 111-2033, Section 1029(b)(1).

II. Discussion

Two commenters responded to the proposed repeal of the Board's Regulation C.

These commenters supported the Board's proposal to repeal its Regulation C in order to avoid confusion and simplify compliance. The Board is finalizing the repeal of Regulation C, as proposed.

As discussed in the proposal, entities that are subject to HMDA must collect and report loan data to the appropriate federal agency on its housing-related loan activities (i.e., mortgage loan applications). HMDA's requirements concerning mortgage loans were implemented in Regulation C to apply to home purchase loans secured by a dwelling (or refinancings) and home improvement loans. The Dodd-Frank Act transferred the Board's rulemaking authority under HMDA and other enumerated consumer protection laws to the Bureau, but Section 1029 of the Dodd-Frank Act also preserved the Board's rulemaking authority over certain motor vehicle dealers, with some exceptions. The rulemaking authority retained by the Board under Section 1029, however, does not extend to residential or commercial mortgages or self-financing transactions involving real property. Thus, all rulemaking authority under HMDA, which pertains only to mortgage loan transactions, was transferred to the Bureau. The repeal of the Board's Regulation C, 12 CFR part 203, also repeals the Official Staff Commentary that accompanies the regulations.

_

⁶ Regulation C covers loans secured by a "dwelling," which is defined as any residential structure, whether or not it is attached to real property, which would include mobile homes or manufactured homes. 12 CFR 1003.2. Under the Bureau's 2015 final rule, however, recreational vehicles used as a residence are not covered as dwellings for purposes of HMDA. See 80 FR 66128, 66145 (Oct. 28, 2015)

⁷ Section 1029(b)(1) of the Dodd-Frank Act states: Subsection (a) shall not apply to any person, to the extent such person (1) provides consumers with any services related to residential or commercial mortgages or self-financing transaction involving real property. . . ." 12 U.S.C. 5519(b).

III. Final Regulatory Flexibility Analysis

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) (RFA) generally requires an agency to perform an assessment of the impact a rule is expected to have on small entities. Based on its analysis, and for the reasons stated below, the Board believes that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

- 1. Statement of the need for, and objectives of, the proposed rule. As noted above, title X of the Dodd-Frank Act transferred rulemaking authority for HMDA and other enumerated consumer financial protection laws from the Board to the Bureau, effective July 21, 2011. Although the Board retains authority to issue some consumer financial protection rules, all rulemaking authority under HMDA concerning mortgage loan transactions was transferred to the Bureau. In December 2011, the Bureau issued an Interim Final Rule to implement HMDA pursuant to the transfer of rulemaking authority, as amended further by final rules issued by the Bureau in October 2015, pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Act. Accordingly, the Board is repealing the Board's Regulation C, 12 CFR part 203, and the Official Staff Commentary that accompanies the regulation, which has been superseded by the final rules issued by the Bureau.
- 2. Summary of issues raised by comments in response to the initial regulatory flexibility analysis. The Board did not receive any comments on the initial regulatory flexibility analysis.
- 3. *Small entities affected by the final rule*. Any entity that is currently covered by HMDA is subject to the rules issued by the Bureau, located in 12 CFR part 1003.

Therefore the Board believes the repeal of its Regulation C will not affect any entity, including any small entity.

- 4. *Recordkeeping, reporting, and compliance requirements*. The final rule repeals the Board's Regulation C, 12 CFR part 203, and therefore does not impose any recordkeeping, reporting, or compliance requirements on any entities.
- 5. Significant alternatives to the final revisions. Because the repeal of Regulation C will have no impact, there are no alternatives that would further minimize the economic impact of the final rule on small entities.

IV. Paperwork Reduction Act

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3506; 5 CFR 1320 Appendix A.1), the Board reviewed the rule under the authority delegated to the Federal Reserve by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). The final rule contains no collections of information under the PRA. See 44 U.S.C. 3502(3). Accordingly, there is no paperwork burden associated with the final rule.

List of Subjects in 12 CFR Part 203

Banks, Banking, Federal Reserve System, Mortgages, and Reporting and Recordkeeping requirements.

PART 203—[REMOVED AND RESERVED]

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, under the authority of 12 U.S.C. 5581, the Board removes and reserves Regulation C, 12 CFR part 203.

By order of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Ann E. Misback, Secretary of the Board.

BILLING CODE: 6210-01P

[FR Doc. 2017-27491 Filed: 12/21/2017 8:45 am; Publication Date: 12/22/2017]